ASITE Limited Annual Report and Accounts For the year ended 30 June 2014



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for the year ended 30 June 2014

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

for the year ended 30 June 2014

SECRETARY

Mr Giles Thomas

REGISTERED OFFICE

Unit E2, 3rd Floor Zetland House 5/25 Scrutton Street London EC2A 4HJ

DIRECTORS

Mr Walter Goldsmith Mr Gordon Ashworth Mr Robert Tchenguiz Mr Nathan Doughty Mr Tony Ryan Mr Timothy Smalley

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc 70 Pall Mall London SW1Y 5EY

REGISTRARS

Capita IRG plc Bourne House 34 Beckenham Road Beckenham Kent BR3 4TU

AUDITORS

Milsted Langdon LLP Winchester House Deane Gate Avenue Taunton TA1 2UH

SOLICITORS

Kemp Little LLP Cheapside House 138 Cheapside London EC2V 6BJ

DIRECTORS' REPORT



for the year ended 30 June 2014

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Principal activities

Asite Limited is a limited company, incorporated and domiciled in England. Asite Limited is the parent company of a trading subsidiary, Asite Solutions Limited and its 99.7% owned subsidiary in India, Asite Solutions Private Limited. The principal activity of the Group is to provide collaborative Software as a Service (cSaaS) to the Architectural, Engineering and Construction (AEC) industry to deliver successful supply chain collaboration.

Business review and future prospects

I am pleased to report that the Group continued its growth on the performance of 2013. For the twelve months ended 30 June 2014 revenue increased by 17.6% to £4.715m (2013: £4.011m). Operating profit for the period rose 24.3% to £0.635m (2013: £0.511m).

Our efforts to promote Asite's products in the North American market are starting to bear fruit with significant new customers in the Facilities Management (FM) and collaborative Building Information Modelling (cBIM) sectors. We intend to build on our operations in this region and expect to see substantial grown in the near future.

The release of our new platform Adoddle17 has brought greater functionality and improved user experience. Combined with AppBuilder, which allows our customers to build their own business applications on the Adoddle platform in the cloud, this has enabled Asite to become the technological leader in its sector. Our focus on maintaining this technological edge and prudent cost control have put the business in a prime position for future growth and profitability.

The directors have taken the opportunity of generating additional cash for the Group by taking advantage of HM Revenue and Customs' research and development tax credit relief. As a result of the work carried out a £0.204m tax credit is expected to be received in early 2015 which has been provided for in these financial statements. Due to the significant advantages in cash and profit after tax it is the intention of the directors to make further claims in future years.

As part of the research and development claim, HM Revenue and Customs allow a theoretical 'uplift' of certain expenditure, and this 'uplift' will negate the need for the Group to unnecessarily use any of its taxable losses to offset Group profits in the foreseeable future. Instead the Group's taxable losses will be preserved and carried forward until they are required.

There is an unfortunate accounting consequence of this as it is no longer considered that all of the 2013 deferred tax asset, arising from expected utilisation of a portion of Group taxable losses, will be recovered in the foreseeable future. This has resulted in the onetime reversal of £0.355m of the deferred tax asset included in the comparative figures which, whilst not having a cash flow impact, has had the effect of reducing profit after tax and debtors in 2014 by £0.355m.

Principal risks and uncertainties

We undertake a continuous risk review strategy of our operations and continue to implement appropriate mitigation strategies for those risks which we have assessed as critical to the on-going operations of the Group. Significant risks identified cover recruitment and retention of key staff, system performance, technology obsolescence, client base plurality, product diversity and regulatory environment. The Group continues to monitor these risks and to update and amend mitigating strategies as appropriate.

Results and dividends

The profit for the period after taxation is shown in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 7. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2013: £Nil).



DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

for the year ended 30 June 2014

Directors

The directors, all of whom either held office during the period or had been appointed as at the date of this report, were as follows:

Name	Position
Mr Walter Goldsmith	Chairman
Mr Gordon Ashworth	Non-Executive Director
Mr Robert Tchenguiz	Non-Executive Director
Mr Nathan Doughty	Chief Operating Officer
Mr Tony Ryan	Group Chief Executive Officer
Mr Timothy Smalley	Non-Executive Director

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable IFRSs as adopted by the European Union have been followed by the Group, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' and officers' liability insurance

Directors' and officers' liability insurance has been purchased by the Group during the year. The Company's Articles of Association provide, subject to the provision of UK legislation, an indemnity for directors and officers of the Company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in the exercise of their powers. This includes any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted, by them as officers or employees of the Company. Appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance cover is in place in respect of all of the Company's directors.

Financial instruments

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk through its investment in Asite Solutions Private Limited (Asite India). Asite India provides development and maintenance services to the Asite platform. Save for loan finance provided by R20 Ltd of which Mr Robert Tchenguiz is a director, Asite has no borrowings, accordingly interest rate risk, in this regard is minimal. The Group's policies for mitigating these risks are outlined in Note 17 to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)



for the year ended 30 June 2014

Policy on payment of suppliers

The Group does not have a policy to follow any code or standard on payment practice. However, the Group will continue to settle the terms of payment with its suppliers and when agreeing the terms of each transaction, will ensure that those suppliers are aware of the terms of payment and will abide by those terms of payment, unless subsequently renegotiated. Group trade payables outstanding at 30 June 2014 represented 18 days (2013: 23 days) trade purchases. Company trade payables outstanding at 30 June 2014 represented 0 days (2013: 21 days) trade purchases. This is calculated as the weighted average trade creditors as at the year end.

Research and development

The Company undertakes research and development in the field of collaborative Supply Chain Management (cSCM) Software.

Auditors' right to information

Each of the directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of the information.

Auditors

Milsted Langdon LLP has expressed its willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The directors have not prepared a strategic report in accordance with the small companies exemption in the Companies Act 2006 s419(2).

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

Mr Tony Ryan

Group Chief Executive Officer

3 March 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASITE LIMITED

for the year ended 30 June 2014

We have audited the financial statements of Asite Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statements of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statements of Financial Position, the Consolidated and Parent Company Statements of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and, as regards the Parent Company financial statements, as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group's and the Parent Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the Parent Company's affairs as at 30 June 2014 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended;
- the Group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union;
- the Parent Company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006; and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ASITE LIMITED (continued)



for the year ended 30 June 2014

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the Parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Mr Nigel Fry (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Milsted Langdon LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Taunton

3 March 2015



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
REVENUE	3	4,715	4,011
Cost of sales		(1,148)	(995)
Gross profit		3,567	3,016
Sales & distribution costs		(319)	(263)
Administrative expenses		(2,613)	(2,242)
OPERATING PROFIT		635	511
Financial income Financial costs	7	3 (81)	_ (7)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION Tax charge	6 8	557 (182)	504 (24)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		375	480
Attributable to: Equity shareholders Non-controlling interest		375 _	480
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		375	480

All transactions are derived from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 12 to 28 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic	10	1.77p	2.26p
Diluted	10	1.77p	2.26p

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY



for the year ended 30 June 2014

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Group At 1 July 2012 Total comprehensive income	18,775 –	2,442	(22,178) 480	(961) 480
At 30 June 2013	18,775	2,442	(21,698)	(481)
	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Group At 1 July 2013 Total comprehensive income	18,775 -	2,442	(21,698) 375	(481) 375
At 30 June 2014	18,775	2,442	(21,323)	(106)
	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Company At 1 July 2012 Total comprehensive loss	18,775 -	2,442	(21,468) (76)	(251) (76)
At 30 June 2013	18,775	2,442	(21,544)	(327)
Company	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
Company At 1 July 2013 Total comprehensive income	18,775 -	2,442	(21,544) 170	(327) 170
At 30 June 2014	18,775	2,442	(21,374)	(157)

The notes on pages 12 to 28 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 30 June 2014

Company Number 02004015	Note	2014	2013
ASSETS		£'000	£'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Intangible asset	11 12	302 8	271 16
Deferred tax asset	8	63	422
		373	
CURRENT ASSETS Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	14	1,580 1,228	1,160 888
		2,808	2,048
TOTAL ASSETS		3,181	2,757
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	18	18,775 2,442 (21,323)	18,775 2,442 (21,698)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT Non-controlling interest		(106) –	(481) -
TOTAL EQUITY		(106)	(481)
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings	15 16	1,395 240 1,635	1,099 247 ———————————————————————————————————
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Borrowings	16	1,652	1,892
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,287	3,238
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,181	2,757

The notes on pages 12 to 28 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 28 were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 March 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Tony Ryan Group Chief Executive Officer

COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION



as at 30 June 2014

ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS £'000 £'000 Investments in subsidiaries 13 65 65 Loan to subsidiary 1,326 1,636 65 Loan to subsidiary 1,326 1,636 60 - Deferred tax asset 80 -	Company Number 02004015	Note	2014	2013
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries 13 65 65 65 65 65 65 65 6			£'000	£'000
Loan to subsidiary 1,326 1,636 80				
Deferred tax asset		13		
CURRENT ASSETS Trade and other receivables 14 268 31 Cash and cash equivalents 25 102 293 133 TOTAL ASSETS 1,764 1,834 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES 31 18 18,775 18,775 18,775 18,775 Share premium account 2,442 2,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	1,030
Trade and other receivables 14 268 31 Cash and cash equivalents 25 102			1,471	1,701
Cash and cash equivalents 25 102 293 133 TOTAL ASSETS 1,764 1,834 EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 18 18,775 18,775 Share premium account 2,442 2,442 Profit and loss account (21,374) (21,544) EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (157) (327) CURRENT LIABILITIES 15 29 22 Borrowings 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 269 269				
293 133 133 133 133 134 134 135		14		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings 15 29 22 80 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			293	133
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings 15 29 22 80 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	TOTAL ASSETS		1 764	1 92/
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital 18 18,775 18,775 Share premium account 2,442 2,442 2,442 Profit and loss account (21,374) (21,544) EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (157) (327) CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 Long and other payables 269 269 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 269 269	TOTAL ASSETS		===	=====
Called up share capital 18 18,775 18,775 Share premium account 2,442 2,442 2,442 Profit and loss account (21,374) (21,544) EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (157) (327) CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247				
Profit and loss account (21,374) (21,544) EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT (157) (327) CURRENT LIABILITIES 327 327 Trade and other payables 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 269 269 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	Called up share capital	18	•	
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Borrowings 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 269 269			•	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 269 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	Profit and loss account		(21,374)	(21,544)
Trade and other payables 15 29 22 Borrowings 16 240 247 269 269 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 29 22	EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(157)	(327)
Borrowings 16 240 247 269 269 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES 269 269				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	Borrowings	16	240	
	NON CUDDENT LIADULITIES		269	269
		16	1,652	1,892
TOTAL LIABILITIES 1,921 2,161	TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,921	2,161
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 1,834	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,764	1,834

The notes on pages 12 to 28 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 28 were approved by the Board of Directors on 3 March 2014 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Tony Ryan

Group Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 30 June 2014

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Net cash generated by operating activities	20	770	382
Taxation Tax Paid		(31)	(23)
Net cash from operating activities		739	359
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets		(81)	(75) (24)
Net cash used in investing activities		(81)	(226)
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Interest paid on borrowings Interest received on deposits		(240) (81) 3	(513) (7) —
Net cash used in financing activities		(318)	(520)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(340)	(387)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		888	1,275
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		1,228	888
COMPANY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	Note	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Net cash generated by operating activities	20	157	619
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Interest received Interest paid on borrowings Net cash used in financing activities		(240) 87 (81) ————————————————————————————————————	(513) - (7) (520)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(77)	99
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		102	3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		25	102

The notes on pages 12 to 28 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



for the year ended 30 June 2014

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial information presented in this statement has been prepared in accordance with applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) interpretations as adopted by the EU and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

In the application of the below accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other relevant factors. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The directors do not consider there are any critical judgements or key sources of estimation uncertainty made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

The presentational currency used in this report is Pound Sterling (£).

Standards and Interpretations effective in the current period

There were no new standards or interpretations that have been adopted by the Group in the current period.

There were no new interpretations and amendments to existing standards that have been issued but are not yet effective that will have a material impact on the financial statements and have not been early adopted by the Group.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include financial information in respect of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings. Subsidiary undertakings are those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. Subsidiary undertakings are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. From the date on which control ceases they are no longer consolidated. Intra group transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

(b) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the separate financial statements of the Group entities are measured in the functional currency of each entity. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the Group at the rates prevailing at the dates of the individual transactions. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates prevailing at the Statement of Financial Position date. Exchange gains and losses arising are charged or credited to net operating costs or foreign exchange in administrative expenses in the Income Statement, as appropriate. The Income Statement and Statement of Financial Position of foreign entities are translated into Pounds Sterling on consolidation at the average rates for the period and the rates prevailing at the Statement of Financial Position date respectively. The resulting exchange gains or losses are dealt with in shareholders' funds.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provisions for impairment. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line basis and charged to administrative expense. All assets are depreciated at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, over the expected useful lives of three to five years.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each Statement of Financial Position date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts. These are included in the Income Statement.

(d) Intangible assets

Research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research and development is recognised as an expense in the year in which it is incurred with the exception of expenditure on the development of products where the outcome of these products is assessed as being reasonably certain as regards to economic viability and technical feasibility. Such expenditure is recognised as an intangible asset and amortised to administrative expenses on a straight line basis over the useful economic life once the related product or enhancement is available for use. The useful economic life of the development costs capitalised is five years.

(e) Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost, net of amortisation and any provisions for impairment. Amortisation is calculated using the straight line basis. All assets are amortised to administrative expenses at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, over an expected useful life of three years.

The intangible assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each Statement of Financial Position date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amounts. These are included in the Income Statement.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are initially stated at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost less any provisions for impairment. Trade receivables are assessed individually for impairment. Movements in the provision for doubtful trade receivables are recorded in the Income Statement in administrative expenses.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

(h) Trade payables

Trade payables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost.

(i) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Fair value is determined as the present value of the loan at market interest rates (determined by the directors as an estimate of a rate that would be commercially available to the Company). Any difference between the fair value at initial recognition (net of transaction costs) and the consideration received is initially recognised in the Income Statement as 'Fair Value adjustments arising on loan from shareholder'. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost increased by imputed interest charged to financial costs over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. The Group's current loan is from a principal shareholder and the initial credit is taken to financial liabilities as opposed to equity as it is expected that the loan will be repaid in full.

(j) Current and deferred income tax

Current income tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid, or recovered, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the Statement of Financial Position date. Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is provided using rates of tax that are consistent with the rates in which the entity's management expects, at the Statement of Financial Position date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the directors consider that it is less likely than not that the difference will reverse in the near future.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(I) Revenue recognition

The Group typically enters into multi-element arrangements which include software licence fees, consultancy and training services. Revenue is allocated to the elements of the arrangement based upon the fair value of each element.

The Group sells a licence for access to its products which are hosted from the Group's dedicated servers. The licence fees grant access to web space for the duration of the customer's project and include maintenance and support. The revenue for the licence is recognised on an accruals basis to match the period of use by the customer until the end of the contract. The unrecognised element is included within 'deferred income' and the amount recognised prior to billing is included within 'amounts recoverable on contracts'.

Training revenue relates to customer training to use the product. Consultancy revenue relates to the initial tailoring of the product to match the needs of the project and on-going consultancy work provided to the customer post implementation. Revenue is recognised on the consulting and training fees based on fixed daily rates as the service is provided. The fixed daily rates are predetermined at the contract signing date.

(m) Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives from the lessor) are charged to the Income Statement on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

(n) Investments

Investments held as non-current assets by the Company are stated at cost less any permanent diminution in value.

(o) Employee benefits

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options and shares is recognised as an expense. The fair value of options is estimated using a Black-Scholes pricing model. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by the fair value of the options and shares granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, earnings per share growth). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options and shares that are expected to become exercisable. At each Statement of Financial Position date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options and shares that are expected to become exercisable. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the Income Statement. At the vesting date of an award, the cumulative expense is adjusted to take account of the awards that actually vest. The Group grants share options to employees of subsidiary companies.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

3. SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS

The primary segment is by business as this is the main driver of risks and return. The directors consider there to be one business segment because all turnover results from the provision of business to business solutions to the construction industry. All sales therefore arise from the rendering of services.

The secondary segments which are geographical are United Kingdom (UK), Middle East, Europe, India, North America, Australasia and Rest of World (ROW). Information regarding these segments is reported below.

Analysis of results by geographical region

		2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	UK Middle East Europe India North America Australasia	3,729 28 160 19 218 536	3,116 35 139 14 150 557
	ROW Revenue	4,715	4,011
4.	STAFF COSTS	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
	Staff costs during the period (including directors) Wages and salaries Social security costs	2,147 135	1,964 130
		2,282	2,094
	The average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) was:	No.	No.
	Professional services	7	6
	Sales and account managers	2	2
	Technical	121	87
	Finance & administrative	9	9
		139	104



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5. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Aggregate emoluments (including benefits in kind)	597	546
	597	546

The highest paid director was paid £326,523 in salary during the period (2013: £301,691). No directors (2013: £Nil) are accruing retirement benefits.

6. PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Staff costs (note 4) Rent of premises Net exchange difference gains Research and development costs Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,282 70 11 784	2,094 77 10 668
included in administrative expense (note 11) Depreciation of intangible asset included in administrative expense (note 12)	8	8
During the period the Group obtained the following services from the Group's auditor as detailed below: Fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the parent Company and consolidated Financial statements	8	7
The audit of financial statements of subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	8	7
Tax services	1	1
	17	15



for the year ended 30 June 2014

7. FINANCIAL COSTS

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Interest payable	81	7
	81	7

The interest payable represents the annual charge of 4% on the loan from R20 Ltd. (see Note 16). Interest became payable on the loan on 1 June 2013.

8. INCOME TAX & DEFERRED TAX

INCOME IAX & DEFERRED IAX	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Current tax Current tax on profits for the year Research and development tax credit Research and development tax credit relating to previous year	27 (100) (104)	17 - -
Deferred tax Unwinding of deferred tax asset Deferred tax asset recognised Movement in deferred tax liability	435 (80) 4 ———————————————————————————————————	7
The differences from the standard charge are explained below:		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	557	504
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 22.50% (2013: 23.75%)	125	120
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax calculated at domestic rates in India Research and development uplift	16 10 (459)	2 5 -
Research and development cash surrender Research and development tax credit Tax losses utilised / unprovided / reversed	410 (204) 375	- 16
Tax losses carried forward Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(19) (72)	(124)
Tax charge	182	

for the year ended 30 June 2014

8. INCOME TAX & DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax asset

Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using a tax rate of 20% (2013: 21%).

The movement on the deferred tax account is as shown below:

	Opening balance	Movement	Closing balance
	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	474,475	(31,925)	442,550
Tax losses	4,758,078	(312,176)	4,445,902
30 June 2013	5,232,553	(344,101)	4,888,452
Accelerated capital allowances	442,550	(173,409)	269,141
Tax losses	4,445,902	(103,341)	4,342,561
30 June 2014	4,888,452	(276,750)	4,611,702
	·		

Deferred tax asset split:

	Asite Solutions Limited	Asite (Private) Limited	Asite Limited	Total
	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	269,263	(3,337)	3,215	269,141
Losses	2,679,767	_	1,662,794	4,342,561
	2,949,030	(3,337)	1,666,009	4,611,702

A deferred tax asset has been recognised for an element of the available losses and capital allowances in Asite Limited (2013 in Asite Solutions Limited, one of the Group's trading subsidiaries) because recovery is considered reasonably certain. A deferred tax asset has not been recognised in respect of the remaining available losses and capital allowances of Asite Limited (the Company) or that of Asite Solutions Limited because recovery is not considered reasonably certain.

Deferred tax asset recognised:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Deferred tax asset to be recovered after more than 12 months Deferred tax asset to be paid after more than 12 months	80 (17)	435 (13)
	63	422



for the year ended 30 June 2014

9. PROFITS OF THE PARENT COMPANY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The Company has taken advantage of Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not included an Income Statement in these financial statements. In the year the Company made a profit of £0.170m (2013: £0.076m loss).

10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	2014	2013
Basic Net profit for the period (£'000's) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	375 21,249,564	480 21,249,564
Profit per share:	1.77p	2.26p
Diluted Net profit for the period (£'000's) Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	375 21,249,564	480 21,249,564
Profit per share:	1.77p	2.26p

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period, adjusted for non controlling interest, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Earnings per share requires presentation of diluted profit per share when a company could be called upon to issue shares that would decrease net profit or increase net loss per share.

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Plant and equipment £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Total £'000
Group			
Cost At 1 July 2013	319	23	342
Additions	81	_	81
At 30 June 2014	400	23	423
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 July 2013	69	2	71
Charge for the period	45	5	50
At 30 June 2014	114	7	121
Net book value			
At 30 June 2014	286	16	302
At 30 June 2013	250	21	271

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11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Plant and equipment £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Total £'000
Group			
Cost			
At 1 July 2012	146	_	146
Additions	180	23	203
Disposals	(7)	_	(7)
At 30 June 2013	319	23	342
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 July 2012	39	_	39
Charge for the period	35	2	37
Eliminated on disposal	(5)	_	(5)
At 30 June 2013	69	2	71
Net book value			
At 30 June 2013	250	21	271
At 30 June 2012	107	-	107
INTANGIBLE ASSET			Website

12.	INTANGIBLE ASSET	Website £'000
	Group Cost At 1 July 2013	24
	At 30 June 2014	24
	Accumulated amortisation At 1 July 2013 Charge for the year	8
	At 30 June 2014	16
	Net book value At 30 June 2014	8
	At 30 June 2013	16
	Group Cost At 1 July 2012 Additions	_ 24
	At 30 June 2013	24
	Accumulated amortisation At 1 July 2012 Charge for the year	_ 8
	At 30 June 2013	8
	Net book value At 30 June 2013	16
	At 30 June 2012	=

The Company has no tangible or intangible fixed assets (2013: Nil).



for the year ended 30 June 2014

13. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

Company	2014	2013
Cost and net book value	£'000	£'000
At 1 July 2013, 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2014	65	65

The principal subsidiary undertakings of the Company during the year were:

Subsidiaries	Proportion of voting rights	Principal activities
Asite Solutions Limited	99.44%	Web based portal and services
(Incorporated 20 July 2000)		
Asite Solutions Private Limited	99.70%	Web based portal and services
(Incorporated 7 November 2005)		

Asite Solutions Limited was incorporated in England and Wales. Asite Solutions Private Limited was incorporated in India and is owned by Asite Solutions Limited.

14. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Gı	oup	Com	pany
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade receivables	1,182	985	-	_
Net trade receivables	1,182	985	-	_
Amounts due from subsidiary	_	_	240	_
Prepayments and accrued income	161	142	3	5
VAT recoverable	_	_	_	1
Other receivables	237	33	25	25
	1,580	1,160	268	31

Trade receivables that are less than three months past due are not considered impaired. As of 30 June 2014, trade receivables of £161k (2013: £87k) were past due but not impaired. These relate to a number of independent customers for whom there is no recent history of default. The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Up to 6 months Over 6 months	145 16	30 57
	161	87

As of 30 June 2014, trade receivables of $\mathfrak{L}Nil$ (2013: $\mathfrak{L}Nil$) were impaired and provided for. The amount of the provision was $\mathfrak{L}Nil$ as of 30 June 2014 (2013: $\mathfrak{L}Nil$).

for the year ended 30 June 2014

14. TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Sterling	1,080	903
Euro	34	25
Australian dollar	54	48
US dollar	1	_
Emirati dirham	4	2
Indian rupee	9	7
	1,182	985

15. TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES

	Gre	oup	Con	npany
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Deferred income	626	431	_	_
Trade payables	91	175	_	5
Other payables	80	103	_	_
Social security and other taxes	35	32	-	_
VAT payable	148	38	_	_
Accruals	415	320	29	17
	1,395	1,099	29	22

16. BORROWINGS

Bornowingo	20)14	20	13
	Redemption value £'000	Carrying value £'000	Redemption value £'000	Carrying value £'000
Short term financial liabilities	240	240	247	247
Long term financial liabilities	1,652	1,652	1,892	1,892
	1,892	1,892	2,139	2,139

The loan is from R20 Limited and has been drawn down against the Company's loan facility agreement. The amounts drawn down against the facility were interest free until 31 May 2013, but now carry a charge of 4% per annum. The loan is to be repaid in full by 2 April 2018. There is a fixed charge held over the intellectual property assets of the Group.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's financial instruments comprise cash balances, a loan facility and various items such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise from the normal course of business. There were no other financial assets other than trade receivables.

At the year end the Group held Sterling cash balances of £1.055m (2013: £0.773m) and foreign currency cash balances of £0.173m (2013: £0.115m) held in Indian Rupees. At the year end the Group had no bank borrowings. The Group held trade receivables balances of £1.182m (2013: £0.985m) as at the year end.

Risk management

The Board is charged with managing the various risk exposures.

Interest rate risk

Loans advanced to the Group by R20 Limited were interest free for the minimum term, being until 31 May 2013. Thereafter interest has been charged at the rate of 4% per annum. The Group does not envisage hedging against this risk. Accordingly the Group believes that the interest rate risk to which the Group is exposed is minimal.

Credit risk

The Group believes that its maximum credit risk at any one time is represented by the value of its trade receivables. In relation to credit risk to financial institutions, the Group does have significant cash deposits, however the Board believes this risk to be minimal. The Group manages customer credit risk through the use of credit reports and appropriate contractual documentation. Collections are tracked monthly and where payments are overdue appropriate action is taken on a timely basis.

Liquidity risk

The Group's approach to liquidity risk is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable requirements and to invest funds securely and profitably. The Group's total financial liabilities and their fair values as at 30 June 2014 are detailed below. There is no difference between the book and fair value for short term receivables and payables.

	30 June 2014		30 June 2013	
	Redemption value £'000	Carrying value £'000	Redemption value £'000	Carrying value £'000
Financing the Group's acquisitions: Short term financial liabilities	240	240	247	247
Long term financial liabilities	1,652	1,652	1,892	1,892
	1,892	1,892	2,139	2,139

The loan is from R20 Limited and has been drawn down against the Company's loan facility agreement.

Foreign currency risk

The Group's revenue is substantially sterling based, accordingly, foreign currency exposure risk to this is minimal. Costs incurred in the Group's operations in India are rupee based. Currency exposures arising from holding cash deposits in Indian Rupees are not considered to be material. The Group does not hedge against these currency risks. The value of assets held in the Group's Indian subsidiary is minimal, as are this company's reserves. Accordingly the Board believes that the currency exposure on translation is minimal.

for the year ended 30 June 2014

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings including "current and non-current borrowings" less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position plus net debt.

	2014	2013
	£'000	£'000
Total borrowings (Note 16)	1,892	2,139
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,228)	(888)
Total equity	(106)	(481)
Total capital	558	770
Gearing ratio	119%	162%

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2014		2013	
Allotted, issued and fully paid	No.	£'000	No.	£'000
New Ordinary Shares of 1p each	10,291,063	103	10,291,063	103
New B Shares of 1p each	10,958,501	110	10,958,501	110
Deferred Shares of 99p each	18,749,564	18,562	18,749,564	18,562
Total allotted, issued and fully paid	39,999,128	18,775	39,999,128	18,775

The Company's authorised share capital is £42,500,000 comprised of New Ordinary Shares of 1p each, New B Shares of 1p each and Deferred Shares of 99p each.

New B Shares do not have voting rights. New B Shares have the same rights as the New Ordinary Shares with respect to dividend entitlement and priority to receive funds on winding up of the Company.

The Deferred Shares have no voting or attendance rights. Deferred Shares have no right to receive dividends. On a return of capital or winding up of the Company, each Deferred Share is entitled to its par value after each New Ordinary Share and New B Share has received repayment of capital plus £1,000,000.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

19. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Under the Group's Enterprise Management Incentive scheme (EMI), share options are granted to executive directors and selected employees. Exercise price of the granted options is 1p per share. Options are exercisable on disposal or flotation of the Company. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options in cash.

At 30 June 2014 options granted under the Company's share option schemes were outstanding on a total of 12,420,711 Ordinary Shares as follows:

Grant date	Number of shares	Exercise price	Exercise period
	under option		
March 2011	12,420,711	1p	March 2021

The options can be exercised on disposal or floatation of the Company and have a ten year option exercise period from the grant date.

In line with IFRS 2 and for the purposes of estimating the charge for share based payments, options are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

The movement in share awards during the year ended 30 June 2014 is as follows:

	2014 Number of shares under option	2014 Weighted average exercise price	2013 Number of shares under option	2013 Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding as at 1 July	12,570,711	1p	12,570,711	1p
Granted during the year	_	-	_	_
Exercised during the year	-	_	_	_
Forfeited during the year	(150,000)	1p	_	_
Expired during the year	_	-	_	_
Outstanding as at 30 June	12,420,711	1p	12,570,711	1p

The following table summarises information about share awards outstanding as at 30 June 2013:

Exercise Price	2014	2014	2013	2013
	Number	Weighted	Number	Weighted
		average		average
		remaining		remaining
		contractual life		contractual life
1p	12,420,711	6.75 years	12,570,711	7.75 years

The fair value of the share based payment expense was £Nil (2013: £Nil). The following assumptions were used in valuing the 2011 share options awarded under the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

- Share price at grant of £0.01
- Exercise price, under the option contracts of £0.01 per share
- 10 year option exercise period
- An expected share price volatility of 70% based on the average volatility of the FTSE techMARK listed companies and the liklihood of a diposal of the Company in the next ten years
- An expected dividend yield of £Nil
- A risk free interest rate of 4.5% based on the implied yield on zero coupon government bonds

In calculating the fair value of these options no other market related performance conditions have been used.



for the year ended 30 June 2014

20. RECONCILIATION OF NET PROFIT / (LOSS) TO NET CASH INFLOW / (OUTFLOW)

	Grou	p	Compan	у
	2014 £'000	2013 £'000	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
Net profit / (loss) before tax	557	504	90	(75)
Depreciation of tangible assets	58	44	-	_
Interest pad on borrowings	81	7	81	7
Interest received	(3)	_	-	_
Interest recharged	_	_	(87)	_
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	_	2	_	_
(Increase) / decrease in debtors	(213)	(124)	73	690
Increase / (decrease) in creditors	290	(51)	-	(3)
Net cash generated by operating activities	770	382	157	619

21. OBLIGATIONS UNDER OPERATING LEASES AND COMMITTED EXPENDITURE

	2014 £'000	2013 £'000
The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due in the following periods:		
Rent on premises:		
Within 1 year	65	71
In the 2nd to 5th years	149	193
Over 5 years	71	121
	285	385

22. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group and Company do note have any contingent liabilities (2013: £Nil).



for the year ended 30 June 2014

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management members are also directors of the Group and their remuneration is disclosed in Note 5. Funding was available to the Company throughout the year through a loan facility provided by R20 Limited. The balance of the loan outstanding at the year end was £1.892m (2013: £2.139m). Interest of £0.081m at market rate was charged in the year (2013: £Nil). Mr Robert Tchenguiz is a director of this company.

Mr Gordon Ashworth and Mr Walter Goldsmith (non-executive directors), each acquired 1,250,000 New B Shares at 1p each during the year to June 2011 with £0.025m outstanding at the end of the current period (2013: £0.025m).

Mr Robert Tchenguiz's holding of shares is comprised of 2,660,700 Ordinary Shares and 8,458,501 B Ordinary Shares held indirectly through B&C Plaza Limited, Rotch Property Group Limited and R20 Limited. There has been no change in his holding during the period ended 30 June 2014.

Asite Solutions Limited provided software development services to Nativ Limited. Revenue generated during the period under review totalled £0.492m (2013: £0.428m) with £0.194m (2013: £0.134m) outstanding at the end of the period. Mr Gordon Ashworth is a director of this company.

Asite Solutions Limited provided services to SaaS North America Inc. (SNA). Revenue generated from SNA totalled £0.010m (2013: £0.021m) with £0.001m (2013: £Nil) outstanding at the end of the period. SNA provided services to Asite Solutions Limited during the period costing £0.106m (2013: £0.058m) with £Nil (2013: £Nil) owing at the end of the period. Mr Tony Ryan and Mr Nathan Doughty are directors of this company.

During the year the Company provided services to Mr Robert Tchenguiz. Revenue generated totalled £3,600 (2013: £6,400) with £4,320 (2013: £7,680) outstanding at the end of the period.

24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Discretionary Trust.

ASITE Limited

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